

## **Communique Session A**

### **Issues on Civic Space**

**CSO Day - 4<sup>th</sup> May 2014**

1. Governance as a stand alone goal
  - Should be made explicit, and not being mainstreamed as part of the advocacy to push countries to adopt good governance and to excuse their negligence to governance
  - Global governance friendly to human mobility
  - Governance must be concretised, implementation is not so clear such as in the case of transparency
  - Governance can be cross cutting issues in government and civil society.
  - Governance not only for government but also assurance to rights fulfilment
  - Governance as rights
  - Governance is important for the fulfilment of civil rights, assurance to government actions
  - Governance has been understood as administrative, thus must be pushed to more political, how to design institutions in relations of government and civil society
  - The ends-justify-means: do not legitimize improper means for the ends
  - Governance is at the core of all aspects or sectors
  - To guarantee the accomplishment of redistribution of right and just procedures
  - Government must be transparent and accountable
  - Process has not been felt, governance must become own goal, not instrumental
  - Governance as prerequisite for rights fulfilment that require transparency, accountability and other principles
  - Ineffective government is due to bad governance, this influence the accomplishment of MDGs
  - Governance principles must be operationalized into accomplishment indicators in post 2015
  - Increase trust to government by the people, bases of interactions.
  - Decision making process has been oligarchic and bureaucratic and charaterised by elitism
  - Governance can build better trust, based on public trust
  
2. Target and indicators
  - Institutional design enable real participation, decentralization must make autonomous society engage in the making of welfare

- Regulation and actors are covered in the institutional design, local uniqueness must be considered
- Information requires 'zero death of journalist' and open development data and information
- Information technologies and infrastructures accessible by all citizens, including those located in remotes and marginalized
- All governmental institutions must provide access to information through on line and off le media
- Processes of implementation and evaluation to involve societies through open mechanism or representation, through survey or public forums
- All government institution to reformulate data for right, evidence based decisions
- Improvements of public participations more tangible and measurable, beyond formal consultancies and deliberations
- All information agency to provide information that enable public complaint, oversight and scrutiny
- Lower migrants go abroad, more employment opportunities

### 3. What state need to do to ensure

- Utilization of regional organizations such ASEAN to advocate governance in global or UN forums
- Advocate governance being legalized in every member countries
- Generation of best practices by member countries believing in governance as key stand-alone goal as the bases of advocacy
- Indonesia as Chair of OGP to include criteria on membership to oblige governance in development planning
- Indonesia to push ASEAN countries to become members of OGP
- CSO to support the campaign of the governments
- Member countries to collaborate with CSOs in advocating governance to global forums
- To localize the re-definition or refinement of governance according to each country
- Advance countries applying governance need to collect evidence on the positive results and impact of governance